Chapter 13 – $\bar{A}v\bar{a}z$: The Art of Persian Traditional Singing (Behzad Namazi)

Abdollah Davami: "Bahar-e Delkash"

Year composed: 1915 Era: Qajar dynasty Style: traditional Form: *taṣnif* Mode: *abū* 'atā

Composer: Gholamhossein Darvish ("Darvish Khan") Poet: Mohammad Taghi Bahar ("Malekoshoara")

Gholamhossein Banan: "Ey Iran"

Year composed: 1944 Era: Pahlavi dynasty

Style: traditional/orchestral

Form: *soroud-e melli* (patriotic anthem)

Mode: dashtī

Composer: Ruhollah Khaleghi Poet: Hossein Gol-e Golab

Mohammad Reza Shajarian: "Morgh-e Sahar"

Year composed: 1925 Era: Pahlavi dynasty Style: traditional Form: *taṣnif* Mode: *māhur*

Composer: Morteza Neydavood

Poet: Mohammad Taghi Bahar ("Malekoshoara")

Shahram Nazeri: "Gol-e Sad Barg"

Year released: 1984 Style: traditional

Instruments: setar ensemble and daf

Form: full album Mode: *bayāt-e tork*

Composers: Jalal Zolfonoun, Reza Ghassemi, Shahram Nazeri

Poets: Hāfez and Jalāl ad-Dīn ar-Rūmī

Homayoun Shajarian: "Chera Rafti?"

Year released: 2014 Album: *Beyond Any Form*

Style: contemporary classical/traditional

Instruments: string orchestra, piano, choir, setar

Form: tasnif

Mode: pseudo-*navā* (Aeolian) Composer: Tahmoures Pournazeri

Poet: Simin Behbahani

Homayoun Shajarian: "Ba Man Sanama"

Year released: 2014

Album: Arayesh-e Ghaliz ("Heavy Makeup")

Style: modern rock/traditional fusion

Instruments: electric guitar, drum-set, keyboard, bass guitar

Form: *taṣnif* Mode: *homāyun*

Composer: Sohrab Pournazeri Poet: Jalāl ad-Dīn ar-Rūmī

Bamdad Falahati: "Saz-o āvāz"

Year performed: 2013

Live Performance: Nafir Ensemble concert in Iran

Style: traditional

Instrument: nay (accompaniment)

Form: saz-o avaz (vocal improvisation section)

Mode: *shūr* Poet: Hafez Poem: Qazal #53

Akbar Golpayegani: *Tahrir* (traditional vocal technique)

*Compilation of "Golpa" performing *tahrir-e chakkoshi* and *tahrir-e bolboli* techniques.

Rastak Ensemble: "Biu Barimesh"

Style: folk song from Khuzestan region

Form: AABBCC (refrain: AA)

Mode: *abū* '*atā* (also performed in *shushtari*) Composer/Lyricist: Unknown (folklore)

*Year released: 2016

*Album: Miyane Khorshidhaye Hamishe ("Among Eternal Suns")

*Arrangement: Rastak Ensemble (vocalist: Behzad Moradi)

Hossein Hamedanian: "Mobarak Baad"

Year composed: ca. 1955 Era: Pahlavi dynasty

Style: koocheh bazari wedding song

Form: *taraneh* Mode: *chāhārgāh*

Composer and Lyricist: Hossein Hamedanian

Viguen: "Mahtab"

Year premiered: ca. 1950 Era: Pahlavi dynasty

Style: pop song (considered the first-ever Persian pop song)

^{*:} specific to this particular rendition.

Instruments: electric guitar, bass guitar, drum set, violin, accordion, keyboard

Form: ABAB (verse-chorus) Songwriter: Viguen Derderian

Moein: "Man Az Rah Omadam"

Year released: ca. 1990 Album: *Khatereh*

Instruments: violin, flute, tombak, drum set, bass guitar, keyboard

Style: Persian pop-sonnati

Form: improvisatory $\bar{a}v\bar{a}z$ introduction + taraneh

Mode: shūr

Composer: Sadegh Nojouki Lyricist: Masoud Fardmanesh

Mohsen Namjoo: "Sanama"

Year performed: 2016

Live performance: Mohsen Namjoo and the Nederlands Blazers Ensemble

Location: Concertgebouw in Amsterdam

Style: Persian fusion (blues, traditional, folk, and experimental vocal styles)

Form: traditional āvāz introduction, followed by song

Mode: *bayāt-e esfāhān* Composer: Mohsen Namjoo Poet: Jalāl ad-Dīn ar-Rūmī Poem: *Ghazal* No. 767

Chaartaar: "Dar Hasrate Maah"

Year released: 2012 (single track)

Album: Baaraan Toee ("You Are the Rain") [2014]

Style: traditional/electronic fusion Form: ABCABCC (verse-chorus)

Mode: pseudo-dashtī

Vocalist: Arman Garshasbi Composer: Arash Fathi Arranger: Aeen Ahmadifar

Lyricist: Ehsan Haeri